

COMPARISON OF THE TRADE OF THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD—concluded.

(Calendar Years 1913 and 1927.)

NOTES.—(1) Countries arranged in order of importance of trade in 1927.

(2) The figures in parentheses opposite each country indicate the order of importance of trade in 1913.

Rank.	Countries.	Foreign Trade.		Increase (+) or Decrease (-) 1927 compared with 1913.		Trade per Capita.	
		1913.	1927.	Amount.	Percent.	1913.	1927.
		Million \$	Million \$	Million \$	p. c.	\$	\$
<i>Aggregate Trade—concluded.</i>							
13	Switzerland (14).....	636.1	883.5	(+) 247.4	(+) 38.9	168.24	223.16
14	Sweden (16).....	445.9	854.0	(+) 408.1	(+) 91.5	79.49	140.83
15	Brazil (13).....	640.7	821.7	(+) 181.0	(+) 28.2	26.35	23.29
16	Denmark (17).....	379.1	801.5	(+) 422.4	(+) 111.2	136.63	232.21
17	Union of South Africa (18).....	330.4	704.6	(+) 374.2	(+) 113.2	48.30	93.47
18	Spain (1926) (15).....	456.2	559.9	(+) 103.7	(+) 22.7	22.87	25.49
19	New Zealand (20).....	206.2	442.2	(+) 236.0	(+) 114.4	195.80	309.87
20	Norway (19).....	250.1	430.4	(+) 180.3	(+) 72.1	101.57	154.29

VISIBLE BALANCES OF TRADE OF PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD, CALENDAR YEARS 1913 AND 1927.

(Countries arranged in order of Trade Balances.)

NOTE.—Credit balance marked (+). Debit balance marked (-).

Calendar Year, 1913.				Calendar Year, 1927.			
Rank.	Countries.	Amount.	Per capita	Rank.	Countries.	Amount.	Per capita
		Million \$	\$			Million \$	\$
1	United States.....	(+) 691.4	(+) 7.13	1	United States.....	(+) 680.4	(+) 5.74
2	British India.....	(+) 187.8	(+) 0.60	2	British India.....	(+) 265.5	(+) 0.83
3	Argentina.....	(+) 59.0	(+) 6.78	3	Canada.....	(+) 151.7	(+) 15.93
4	New Zealand.....	(-) 2.0	(-) 1.90	4	Argentina.....	(+) 147.2	(+) 14.22
5	Sweden.....	(-) 7.9	(-) 1.41	5	France.....	(+) 92.9	(+) 2.28
6	Brazil.....	(-) 11.3	(-) 0.48	6	Brazil.....	(+) 44.1	(+) 1.19
7	Australia.....	(-) 18.6	(-) 3.51	7	Union of South Africa.....	(+) 18.3	(+) 2.43
8	Denmark.....	(-) 37.5	(-) 13.51	8	New Zealand.....	(+) 15.3	(+) 10.73
9	Norway.....	(-) 45.9	(-) 18.60	9	Sweden.....	(+) 9.8	(+) 1.61
10	Spain.....	(-) 48.0	(-) 2.41	10	Denmark.....	(-) 29.3	(-) 8.49
11	Japan.....	(-) 49.8	(-) 0.95	11	Belgium.....	(-) 68.4	(-) 8.68
12	Union of South Africa.....	(-) 62.6	(-) 9.00	12	Norway.....	(-) 78.6	(-) 28.19
13	Switzerland.....	(-) 105.1	(-) 27.80	13	Spain.....	(-) 79.3	(-) 3.61
14	Germany.....	(-) 160.4	(-) 2.42	14	Japan.....	(-) 87.5	(-) 1.41
15	Belgium.....	(-) 193.4	(-) 25.50	15	Australia.....	(-) 100.6	(-) 16.30
16	Italy.....	(-) 218.9	(-) 6.31	16	Switzerland.....	(-) 104.1	(-) 26.30
17	Canada.....	(-) 222.9	(-) 29.61	17	Italy.....	(-) 244.8	(-) 6.05
18	France.....	(-) 297.4	(-) 7.51	18	Netherlands.....	(-) 260.4	(-) 34.14
19	Netherlands.....	(-) 335.6	(-) 34.62	19	Germany.....	(-) 934.0	(-) 14.87
20	United Kingdom.....	(-) 651.7	(-) 14.61	20	United Kingdom.....	(-) 1,884.5	(-) 41.67

Canada's Share in World Import Trade.—Canada has made remarkable progress since 1913 in the expansion of her export trade in the world's markets. The following table of imports of principal countries shows that in 1913 the value of the total imports into the 26 leading countries listed amounted to \$16,900,600,000, whereas in 1926 the value of imports for the same countries amounted to \$25,037,600,000, the increase during the thirteen years amounting to \$8,137,000,000. During the same period, however, imports into the identical countries from Canada increased from \$346,300,000 to \$1,100,600,000 or by \$754,300,000. From 1913 to 1926 total imports into these countries increased only about 48 p.c., whereas imports from Canada increased about 218 p.c. In 1913 Canada's share of the total imports into the 26 countries was practically 2 p.c., while for the year 1926 it was about 4½ p.c. From 1913 to 1926 Canada's share of the total imports into the principal world markets increased as follows:—British West India Colonies from 9.2 to 19.2 p.c.; United States from 8.1 to 11.0 p.c.;